General/Student Policy – Sexual Harassment and Title IX Compliance

Purpose:

To establish Bismarck State College’s (BSC) policy prohibiting sex/gender-based discrimination, sexual harassment, relationship violence, and retaliation related to reports of such conduct. These procedures apply to complaints alleging all forms of sex/gender-based discrimination against employees, students, and third parties. These apply to all BSC programs and activities.

Policy:

BSC does not discriminate on the basis of sex in its education program or activity; BSC is required by Title IX, 34 C.F.R. 106 the North Dakota State Board of Higher Education (SBHE) Policy 520 Title IX Policy, and North Dakota SBHE Policy 503.1 Student Free Speech and Expression, to not discriminate on the basis of sex; this requirement to not discriminate extends to admission and employment; inquiries about the application of Title IX, 34 C.F.R. 106 and SBHE Policy 520 Title IX Policy, at BSC may be referred to the Title IX Coordinator, Kaylyn Bondy, the Department of Education’s Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights, or both.

BSC is committed to a positive learning, working and living environment. BSC will not tolerate acts of sexual harassment or related retaliation against or by any employee or student. In working to achieve this intent, BSC commits to: (1) taking action to stop sexual harassment; (2) taking action to remedy its effects by providing advocacy, support and appropriate referral services for complainants; (3) taking action to prevent recurrence; (4) educating individuals and promoting discussions on interpersonal abuse and violence; and (5) conducting impartial investigation of all reports/notices of sexual harassment through fair, equitable and prompt procedures. Investigations will be independent of and separate from law enforcement investigations of criminal activity.

This policy is required by federal law and implementation of this policy is guided by the U.S. Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights.

Sexual Harassment means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:

1. An employee of BSC conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service on an individual’s participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;
2. Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to BSC’s educational program or activities; or
Equitable Treatment. At all times, BSC will treat complainants and respondents equitably by following a grievance process which complies with this Policy before the imposition of disciplinary sanctions, and by providing remedies to a complainant if a respondent is found to be responsible for sexual harassment.

Procedure:

Jurisdiction:

This policy and procedure govern the conduct of: BSC students; faculty; staff; and third parties (i.e., non-members of the College community, such as vendors, alumni, visitors, or local residents). This policy applies to conduct that occurs on BSC property (i.e., on campus) and to conduct that occurs off College property, in the United States, when educational programs or activities include locations, events, or circumstances over which the school exercised substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurred. Jurisdiction will depend on the facts.

Definitions:

For the purpose of this policy, the following definitions apply:

• **Actual Knowledge.** Actual knowledge means notice of sexual harassment or allegations of sexual harassment to BSC’s Title IX Coordinator or any BSC official who has authority to institute corrective measures on behalf of BSC. The actual knowledge standard is not met when only an official of BSC with actual knowledge is the respondent.

• **Advisor.** An individual of a party’s choosing who serves as their advisor throughout the investigation process. An advisor may be an attorney. Each party has the right to one advisor.

• **Coercion.** Unreasonable pressure for sexual activity. Coercive behavior differs from seductive behavior based on the type of pressure someone uses to get consent from another. When someone makes clear to you that they do not want sex, that they want to stop, or that they do not want to go past a certain point of sexual interaction, continued pressure beyond that point can be coercive.

• **Complainant.** An individual who is alleged to be the victim of conduct which could, after investigation, constitute sexual harassment.

• **Consent.** Consent is a clear, voluntary, mutual, affirmative verbal and physical agreement to engage in sexual activity;
  - Someone who is incapacitated cannot consent;
    - Incapacitation can be due to the use of drugs or alcohol, when a person is asleep or unconscious, or because of an intellectual or other disability that prevents the individual from having the capacity to give consent
  - Past consent does not imply future consent;
  - Silence, passivity, or an absence of resistance does not imply consent;
  - Consent to engage in sexual activity with one person does not imply consent to engage in sexual activity with another;
  - Consent may not be inferred from a current or previous dating or sexual relationship;
  - Consent can be withdrawn at any time; and
Coercion, force, or threat of either invalidates consent.

NOTE: It is important to obtain explicit consent from any sexual partner and not to make assumptions. If confusion or ambiguity on the issue of consent arises anytime during the sexual interaction, it is essential that each participant stops and clarifies, verbally, willingness to continue. Consent to one form of sexual act does not imply consent to other forms of sexual act(s).

“Age of Consent” – North Dakota –

According to North Dakota Century Code § 12.1-20-01:
The “age of consent” is 18 years old in North Dakota; A person under the age of 15 cannot legally consent to sexual activity under any circumstances; A person between the ages of 15 – 17 is legally able to consent to sexual activity if the partner is less than three years older. For example, a 16-year-old can legally consent to engage in sexual activity with a partner who is 18 years old, but not a partner who is 19 years old.

- **Dating Violence.** Violence committed by the respondent:
  1. Who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the complainant; and
  2. Where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:
     i. The length of the relationship.
     ii. The type of relationship
     iii. The frequency of interactions between the complainant and respondent.

- **Deliberate Indifference.** When an institution’s response to sexual harassment is clearly unreasonable in light of the information known to the institution at the time.

- **Domestic Violence.** Violence committed by the respondent, who is:
  1. a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the complainant;
  2. a person with whom the complainant shares a child in common;
  3. cohabiting with or has cohabited with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
  4. similarly situated to a spouse of the complainant; or
  5. any person against whose acts the complainant is protected by N.D.C.C. ch. 14-07.1.

- **Educational programs or activities.** Includes locations, events, or circumstances over which BSC exercises substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs, as well as in any building owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by BSC.

- **Exculpatory Evidence.** Evidence that shows a person’s innocence or clears from guilt or blame.

- **Fondling.** The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

- **Formal Complaint.** A document filed by a complainant (which either contains the complainant’s signature or indicates that the complainant is the one filing the complaint) or signed by the Title IX
Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent, in which the complainant requests that the institution investigate.

- **Grievance process.** The process designed to provide prompt and equitable methods of investigation and resolution to concerns regarding sexual harassment, remedy any harm, and prevent its recurrence.

- **Incapacitation.** A state in which an individual cannot make rational, reasonable decisions because they lack the capacity to give knowing consent (e.g., to understand the “who, what, when, where, why or how” of their sexual interaction).

- **Incest.** Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

- **Inculpatory Evidence.** Evidence that shows a person's involvement in an act, or evidence that can establish guilt.

- **Intimidation.** Implied threats or acts that cause an unreasonable fear of harm in another.

- **Mandated Reporter.** BSC has designated all employees as mandated reporters excluding those serving in a mental health counseling capacity. A mandated reporter is required to report sexual harassment to the Title IX Coordinator, however not every mandated reporter is a Responsible Employee.

- **Preponderance of the evidence.** An evidentiary standard meaning that it is more likely than not that the sexual harassment occurred. BSC applies the same standard of evidence for formal complaints against students and employees.

- **Program or Activity.** Education program or activity includes locations, events, or circumstances over which BSC exercises substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs, and also includes any building owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by a postsecondary institution.

- **Rape.** Penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus of the complainant with any body part or object by the respondent, or oral penetration of the complainant by a sex organ of the respondent, without the consent of the complainant.

- **Remedies.** Remedies offered after the conclusion of the grievance process on a finding of responsibility must be designed to restore or preserve equal access to the educational programs or activities. Such remedies may include the same individualized services described as supportive measures; however, remedies need not be non-disciplinary or non-punitive, and need not avoid burdening the respondent.

- **Responsible employees.**
  1. Those with authority to address and remedy sex and gender-based discrimination and harassment;
  2. Those with responsibility to report sexual harassment to a supervisor; and/or
  3. Those who a student would reasonably believe have such authority or obligation.
• **Respondent.** An individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

• **Retaliation.**
  a. BSC or any person may not intimidate, threaten, coerce, or discriminate against any individual for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX or this part, or because the individual has made a report or complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing under this part.
  b. Intimidation, threats, coercion, or discrimination, including charges against an individual for code of conduct violations that do not involve sex discrimination or sexual harassment, but arise out of the same facts or circumstances as a report or complaint of sex discrimination, or a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment, for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX or this part, constitutes retaliation.
  c. The exercise of rights protected under the First Amendment does not constitute retaliation.
  d. Charging an individual with a code of conduct violation for making a materially false statement in bad faith in the course of a grievance proceeding does not constitute retaliation, although a determination regarding responsibility alone is not sufficient to conclude that any party made a materially false statement in bad faith.
  e. Complaints alleging retaliation may be filed pursuant to the grievance procedures for sex discrimination under Title IX.

• **Sanctions.** A sanction is a consequence placed upon a Respondent for a violation(s) of BSC policies. Sanctions help define the individual’s relationship with the College in the context of current and potential future behavior. Once sanctions are awarded, further violations may lead to more severe behavioral sanctions.

• **Sexual Assault.** Rape, fondling, incest, statutory rape, or any of the sexual offenses listed in N.D.C.C. ch. 12.1-20 or by the FBI’s Uniform Crime Reporting system.

• **Stalking.** Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to (a) fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or (b) suffer substantial emotional distress.

• **Statutory Rape.** Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

• **Student.** The Title IX Policy applies to all BSC students, this includes all persons taking courses at the College, both full-time and part-time, credit and non-credit. Persons who are not officially enrolled but have a continuing academic relationship with the College are considered students.

• **Supportive Measures.** Non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the complainant or the respondent before or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal complaint has been filed. Supportive measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the BSC’s education programs or activities without unreasonably burdening the other party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all parties or BSC’s educational environment, or deter sexual harassment.
• **Title IX Hearing Chair.** The Title IX Hearing Chair is one of three Hearing Panelist that comprise a Title IX Hearing Panel. The Hearing Chair serves as the decision maker responsible for conducting a Title IX hearing. The Title IX Hearing Chair treats all parties with respect, while ensuring decorum and professionalism. A Title IX Hearing Chair can also oversee an Informal Resolution process.

• **Title IX Hearing Panel.** A team of three trained decision makers responsible for deciding a Title IX Emergency Removal or a Formal Investigation.

• **Title IX Hearing Panel Member.** A decision maker responsible for participating as a member of a Title IX Hearing Panel. Title IX Hearing Panel Member treats all parties with respect, while ensuring decorum and professionalism.

• **Title IX Appeal Officer.** The decision maker responsible for reviewing and deciding a Title IX appeal.

• **Title IX Coordinator.** The Title IX Coordinator oversees BSC’s compliance with Title IX; ensures appropriate education and training; coordinates the investigation, response, and resolution of all reports under this policy; and ensures appropriate actions to eliminate prohibited conduct, prevent its recurrence, and remedy its effects.

**Grievance Process:**

**Reporting:**
Any person may report sex discrimination, including sexual harassment (whether or not the person making the report is the victim of the alleged sexual harassment or sex discrimination). Such report may be made in person, by mail, by telephone, or by email, using the Title IX Coordinator’s contact information or any other means which results in the Title IX Coordinator receiving the report, regardless of the time of day.

BSC does not limit the timeframe for reporting; however, depending on the status of the relationship between BSC and the respondent, the College may not have the jurisdiction to investigate or impose sanctions. Students who have left, or graduated, or employees who are no longer employed at BSC are beyond our jurisdiction. In cases where BSC no longer has jurisdiction over a respondent, BSC will seek to meet its Title IX obligation by evaluating the reported conduct, assisting the Complainant in identifying external reporting options and potentially taking action to address the reported conduct. In all cases, regardless of jurisdiction or time frame, BSC will provide the supportive measures.

An individual who experiences any form of sexual assault or intimate partner violence is encouraged to seek immediate medical care to treat injuries, obtain preventive treatment for sexually transmitted infections or diseases, and preserve evidence.

**Formal Complaint:**
A document filed by a complainant (which either contains the complainant’s signature or indicates that the complainant is the one filing the complaint) or signed by the Title IX Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that the institution investigate.

**Anonymous Reports:**
Anonymous reports will be accepted by the College. BSC’s ability to investigate and resolve anonymous reports without actual knowledge will be limited if the information contained in the anonymous reports
cannot be verified by independent facts.

**False Reports:**

Knowingly submitting a false report of sexual harassment is prohibited. Anyone submitting a false report is subject to disciplinary action.

A report can be filed with the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator:

Kaylyn Bondy  
Vice President for Student Affairs/Title IX Coordinator  
National Energy Center of Excellence, Room 331C  
Bismarck, ND 58501  
Phone: 701-224-5638  
Email: kaylyn.bondy@bismarckstate.edu

Nicole Mikkelsen  
Chief Human Resources Officer/Deputy Title IX Coordinator  
Meadowlark Building  
PO Box 5587 | 1700 Schafer St.  
Bismarck, ND 58506-5587  
Phone: 701-224-5531 | 800-366-6888 (TTY Relay ND)  
Email: nicole.mikkelsen@bismarckstate.edu

The guiding principle in accepting reports of sexual harassment is to avoid re-victimizing the complainant of the behavior by forcing them into any plan of action. BSC will make every attempt to safeguard the privacy of the complainant and/or recipient of the behavior; however, it is important that the complainant recognize that BSC cannot ensure confidentiality in all cases. BSC must weigh the request for confidentiality against its obligation to protect the safety and security of the entire campus. Depending on the circumstances of the offense (the severity of the offense, the number of victims involved, involvement of a minor, etc.), BSC may be required to respond to an incident, even if confidentiality has been requested. Therefore, BSC employees cannot guarantee absolute confidentiality. Where privacy is not strictly kept, it will still be tightly controlled on a need-to-know basis. BSC will observe state and federal privacy laws, including North Dakota Century Code § 44-04-18.28

**Actual Knowledge.** Actual knowledge means notice of sexual harassment or allegations of sexual harassment to BSC’s Title IX Coordinator, Deputy Coordinator or any BSC official who has authority to institute corrective measures on behalf of BSC. The actual knowledge standard is not met when only an official of BSC with actual knowledge is the respondent. Actual knowledge of sexual harassment in a BSC education program or activity against a person in the United States, requires BSC to respond promptly in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent. BSC is deliberately indifferent only if BSC’s response to sexual harassment is clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances.

Once BSC has actual knowledge of sexual harassment, the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator must contact the complainant and:
a. Provide a copy of the BSC Sexual Harassment policy;
b. Discuss the availability of supportive measures;
c. Consider the complainant’s wishes regarding supportive measures;
d. Inform the complainant that supportive measures may be available with or without filing a formal complaint;
e. Explain the BSC Title IX formal complaint process;
f. Explain the process of making a complaint with law enforcement.

Timing. Process will be carried out using reasonably prompt time frames, including time frames for filing and resolving appeals, and for informal resolution processes if offered. Temporary delays or extensions of the time frames must be offered for good cause, with written notice to the parties setting forth the cause for the action. Typically, investigation/resolution of the grievance will occur within 60 calendar days from the time the case is assigned to investigators. If it is anticipated that the investigation/resolution process will take longer than 60 calendar days, the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator will notify all parties citing good cause.

Good Cause. Good cause is defined as a reason to delay or extend reporting or investigation time frame which may include considerations such as the absence of a party, a party’s advisor, or a witness; concurrent law enforcement activity; or the need for accommodations for language or disability.

Confidentiality. BSC will maintain confidentiality with respect to supportive measures unless disclosure is required to implement the supportive measures. The Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator shall coordinate the effective implementation of supportive measures. Supportive measures may not restrict any party’s rights under the United States Constitution.

BSC may require parties and advisors to refrain from disseminating the evidence by requiring parties and advisors to sign a non-disclosure agreement that permits review and use of the evidence only for the purpose of the Title IX grievance process.

Permissible Supportive Measures. BSC will coordinate supportive measures with respect to the parties’ situations. Questions regarding or requests for supportive measures can be made to BSC’s Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator. Violation of these supportive measures may be considered grounds for additional reports of sexual harassment or as retaliation for the ongoing investigation of sexual harassment. BSC will treat complainants and respondents equitably by offering supportive measures to a complainant, and by following a grievance process before the imposition of any disciplinary sanctions or other actions that are not supportive measures, against a respondent. Some possible supportive measures include, but are not limited to:

a. Counseling;
b. Extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments;
c. Modifications of work or class schedules;
d. Campus escort services;
e. Mutual restrictions on contact between the parties;
f. Changes in on-campus work or housing locations;
g. Leaves of absence;
h. Increased security or monitoring of certain areas of campus;
i. Law enforcement resource assistance.
**Emergency Removal.** BSC may remove a respondent from educational programs or activities on an emergency basis. The Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator will conduct an individualized safety and risk analysis. If determined that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any individual arises from the allegations of sexual harassment, an Emergency Removal may be justified.

- During the initial report or at any time during the investigation, the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator may convene a Title IX Hearing Panel for review of the initial evidence for the determination of an emergency removal.
- BSC will provide the respondent with notice and the opportunity to appeal the emergency removal decision immediately following the removal.
- The respondent must submit their appeal concerning the Emergency Removal to the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator within ten (10) calendar days from the date of the Emergency Removal notice. The Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator will submit the Emergency Removal Appeal to a Title IX Appeal Officer.
- Unless successfully appealed, the emergency removal will remain in place until sanctions are determined for the case.

**Administrative Leave.** BSC may place a non-student employee respondent on administrative leave during the investigation.

- During the initial report or at any time during the investigation, the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator may convene a Title IX Hearing Panel for review of the initial evidence for the determination of Administrative Leave.
- BSC will provide the respondent with notice and the opportunity to appeal the Administrative Leave decision immediately following the decision.
- The respondent must submit their appeal concerning the Administrative Leave to the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator within ten (10) calendar days from the date of the Administrative Leave notice. The Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator will submit the Administrative Leave Appeal to a Title IX Appeal Officer.
- Unless successfully appealed, the Administrative Leave will remain in place until sanctions are determined for the case.

**Dismissal.** In certain circumstances, BSC is either required or permitted to dismiss a complaint under Title IX:

1. **Required Dismissal of Complaint**
   - Conduct would not constitute sexual harassment even if proved.
   - Conduct did not occur in BSC’s education program or activity.
   - Conduct did not occur against a person in the United States.

2. **Permissive Dismissal of Complaint**
   - The complainant makes written notice to the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator that they would like to withdraw the formal complaint or any allegations.
   - The respondent is no longer enrolled or employed by BSC.
   - Specific circumstances prevent BSC from gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination.
During the preliminary review of the report or during the investigation process, if the alleged conduct does not meet the definition of sexual harassment regarding Title IX, the Title IX complaint will be dismissed by the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator. The parties have the right to appeal the Title IX dismissal. Either party can submit an appeal in writing regarding the dismissal within ten (10) calendar days from the date of dismissal to the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator. Dismissal of a formal complaint does not preclude BSC from addressing the alleged sexual harassment under its own code of conduct. BSC may review the code of conduct with its legal counsel prior to taking action under another provision of its code of conduct to avoid taking actions constituting retaliation.

Informal/Formal Resolution Process. BSC offers both informal and formal resolution of sexual harassment reports involving BSC students, faculty or staff. An informal or formal resolution process may not be offered unless a formal complaint is filed. Independent of the path chosen by the complainant, BSC will conduct an impartial, fair, and prompt investigation into the allegations, and ensure that actions will be taken to prevent similar actions in the future. All parties have a responsibility to provide truthful information during the process. Parties will be notified in writing indicating the reason(s) for good cause by the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator. Investigation/resolution (whether it is an informal or formal resolution) of the allegations shall include the following:

1. The complainant and the respondent have equal opportunities to present relevant witnesses and other evidence;
2. Providing both sides with similar and timely access to any information that will be used during the process;
3. Equal opportunity to have an advisor, and equal opportunity for advisors to participate;
4. The right of the complainant and the respondent to be informed of the outcome of the investigation/resolution, and the right of either party to appeal; and
5. The right of the complainant and the respondent to receive periodic status updates throughout the investigation/resolution process.

All sexual harassment cases shall use a “preponderance of the evidence” standard; meaning that in order for the accused to be held responsible, the evidence must show that it is more likely than not that the sexual harassment occurred.

Notice of Alleged Violation. For both an informal and formal resolution process, the respondent will be contacted with the Notice of Alleged Violation through BSC email or certified mail. The notice of alleged violation will include, when known:

- Nature of the alleged violation;
- Date, time, and place of the alleged violation;
- Source of information;
- Maximum sanction applicable if found in violation of the Title IX Policy;
- The right to choose an advisor of choice or have one appointed by BSC;
- Notice that a decision may be made in their absence based on the information currently available;
- The complainant’s desire for an informal or formal resolution.

Informal Resolution:
The informal process provides the complainant and respondent with a forum to address the behavior, to express how the alleged behavior has impacted them and those close to them, and to communicate to the parties involved and BSC how this behavior will be addressed so that the behavior will not reoccur. The
informal resolution process is entirely voluntary, and the complainant or respondent may end the informal resolution process at any time and enter the formal resolution process. The complainant and respondent should never attempt to resolve the complaint on their own or directly with the other party. Except in cases between a student and a BSC employee which always require a formal resolution, the complainant may choose to pursue informal resolution of their complaint.

To proceed with informal resolution process, BSC must obtain the parties’ voluntary, written consent to the informal resolution process. BSC must provide the parties with written notice disclosing: the allegations, the requirements of the informal resolution process including the circumstances under which it precludes the parties from resuming a formal complaint arising from the same allegations. Any consequences resulting from participating in the informal resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared.

The Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator shall assign a Title IX Hearing Chair to oversee the informal resolution process.

The Title IX Hearing Chair may propose a sanction warranted by the information gathered during the informal resolution and any supporting information known to the College. If the sanction is agreeable to the parties, the informal resolution is complete, and the sanction is imposed. The Title IX Hearing Chair will prepare a document for the parties to sign indicating their agreement with the proposed resolution. In cases where the parties are not in agreement with the informal resolution, they could then enter the formal process.

**Formal Resolution:**

**Investigation:** Investigation means to gather the facts, details and circumstances associated with a complaint. The investigation may include interviewing witnesses, review of documents or other steps to assist the Title IX Investigator to gather facts regarding the allegation(s).

**Formal written notice of investigation to complainant and respondent.** Written notice shall be given to known parties that includes:

- Notice of the grievance process, including any informal resolution process.
- Notice of the allegations of sexual harassment, including: sufficient details known at the time and with sufficient time to prepare a response, including, but not limited to, the names of the parties, the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment, and the date and location of the alleged conduct.
- BSC conducts the grievance process under the presumption that the respondent is not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the grievance process.
- Both parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be an attorney, and may inspect and review evidence. If a party does not have an advisor of their choice, BSC will appoint an advisor to assist with cross-examination for the live hearing free of charge.
- Notice that knowingly submitting a false report of sexual harassment is prohibited. Anyone knowingly submitting a false report is subject to disciplinary action.
- If during the course of the grievance process, additional allegations are added to the investigation which were not included in the initial notice, BSC shall provide written notice of the additional allegations to the parties.

BSC will send the parties their Notice of Investigation at least ten (10) calendar days prior to a scheduled meeting with an investigator.
Investigation:

- BSC is required to investigate every filed formal complaint unless the complaint is subject to dismissal or if the parties mutually agree to an informal resolution process.
- The burden of proof and the gathering of evidence is BSC’s responsibility, not the responsibility of either party.
- At all times BSC shall observe a presumption the respondent is not responsible for the alleged conduct until and unless there is a determination of responsibility at the conclusion of the grievance process.
- BSC shall not require, allow, rely upon, or otherwise use evidence that constitutes, or questions that seek disclosure of, information protected under a legally recognized privilege, unless that privilege is waived.
- BSC will provide both parties equal opportunity to present facts and expert witnesses and other inculpatory or exculpatory evidence.
- BSC will not restrict the ability of parties to discuss the allegation or gather evidence (e.g., no “gag orders”).
- BSC will provide written notice of the date, time, location, participation, and purpose of all hearings, investigative interviews, or other meetings, with sufficient time for the parties to prepare.
- BSC will perform an objective evaluation of all relevant evidence, including both inculpatory and exculpatory evidence.
- BSC will provide both parties and their advisors evidence directly related to the allegations, in electronic format or hard copy, at least ten (10) days prior to the preparation of the investigative report for the parties to inspect, review, and respond to the evidence.
- BSC will send the parties, and their advisors, an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence, in electronic format or hard copy, at least ten (10) days prior to the hearing for the parties to respond.
- BSC has the discretion to consolidate formal complaints where the allegations arise out of the same facts.

Advisors:

- At the beginning of the grievance proceeding, complainants and respondents may select the advisor of their choice to assist with the grievance proceeding, as well as during the live hearing.
- If a party does not choose an advisor, BSC shall provide the party with an advisor free of charge. At minimum, BSC shall provide an advisor to conduct the party’s cross-examination at the hearing. If needed, the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator will assist parties in choosing a BSC advisor. However, nothing in this policy or the Title IX regulations should be read to prohibit BSC from providing an advisor for the full duration of the grievance process, provided that the parties are treated equally as to timing as BSC appoints advisors for both parties.
- BSC is not required to provide attorneys to parties to act as advisors, but appointed advisors shall be provided with access to appropriate training to ensure an understanding of the grievance process, though the same training provided to Title IX Coordinators, decision-makers, and investigators is not required.
- BSC is not required to attempt to create equality of advisors between the parties, particularly where one party selects an outside advisor, but should seek equality of advisors where BSC provides advisors to both parties.
• BSC provided advisors do not act as attorneys, advocates, provide personal support or offer counseling services. Parties seeking supportive measures or resources may contact the Title IX Coordinator.

• BSC provided advisors assist parties with questions regarding policy and procedure, and conduct cross-examination. BSC provided advisors are not bound by attorney-client privilege. No expectation of confidentiality exists between BSC provided advisors and parties.

• BSC provided advisors are required to disclose any previously unknown relevant case information to the Title IX Coordinator.

Hearings:

BSC will provide the parties written notification of the hearing at least ten (10) calendar days prior to the hearing date. The parties may mutually consent to a shorter notice period.

The Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Title IX Coordinator will offer to schedule a pre-hearing meeting at least three (3) days prior to the hearing with each of the parties and their advisors to explain the hearing protocol.

• All formal complaints are required to have a virtual live hearing.
• The hearing will be presided over by a Title IX Hearing Chair and two additional trained Title IX Hearing Panel Members who will not be the investigator, the Title IX Appeal Officer, the Title IX Coordinator, or Deputy Coordinator.
• The hearing will provide each party with opportunity for each party’s advisor to conduct cross examination of the other party and witnesses.
  i. The cross examination will not be conducted personally by a party.
  ii. The cross examination will be conducted directly, orally and in real time by the party’s advisor.
  iii. The advisors may ask the other party or witnesses all relevant questions and follow-up questions, including those challenging credibility.
• Parties are required to submit their list of witnesses in writing to the Title IX Hearing Chair three (3) calendar days before the hearing.
• Parties and witness must be able to see and hear each other during the virtual live hearing.
• Prior to a party or witness answering a cross examination or other question, the Title IX Hearing Chair will first determine whether the question is relevant. The Title IX Hearing Chair will explain to the party’s advisor asking the cross examination question any decision to exclude a question as not relevant.
  i. In order to expedite the hearing, the Title IX Hearing Chair request the submission of questions to be asked live during the hearing in advance to determine relevancy.
  ii. The prior submission of questions does not limit either party’s advisor to asking additional questions that were not included in the submitted question.
• If a party does not have an advisor present at the live hearing, BSC will provide, without fee or charge, an advisor of BSC’s choice who may be, but is not required to be an attorney to conduct cross examination on behalf of that party.
• Title IX Hearing Panel may enforce rules to ensure hearing decorum, such as requiring respectful treatment, specifying any objection process, governing timing of hearing and length of breaks, etc.
• The Title IX Hearing Panel may call the Investigator as first witness.
• BSC will record the hearing by audiovisual means. BSC will create an audiovisual recording, or transcript, of any live hearing and make it available to the parties for inspection and review.
• BSC provides rape shield protection for complainants, deeming irrelevant questions and evidence about a complainant’s prior sexual behavior unless offered to prove that someone other than the respondent committed the alleged misconduct or offered to prove consent.

**Determination Regarding Responsibility:**
• BSC uses the preponderance of the evidence as the standard for determining responsibility in all Title IX grievances.
• BSC will perform an objective evaluation of all relevant evidence, including both inculpatory and exculpatory evidence.
• The Title IX Hearing Chair will issue a written determination on behalf of the Title IX Hearing Panel regarding responsibility with the following:
  i. Identification of the allegations potentially constituting sexual harassment;
  ii. Description of the procedural steps taken from the receipt of the formal complaint through the determination, including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, methods used to gather evidence, and hearings held;
  iii. Findings of fact supporting the determination;
  iv. A statement of, and rationale for, the result as to each allegation, including a determination regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions to be imposed on the respondent, and whether remedies will be provided to the complainant;
  v. The procedures, timelines, and permissible bases for the complainant and respondent to appeal findings of fact, conclusions about whether the alleged conduct occurred, rationale for the result as to each allegation, any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent, and whether remedies will be provided to the complainant.
• The written determination will be sent simultaneously to both parties. Information on how to file an appeal will be included with the determination.
• The determination regarding responsibility becomes final;
  o either on the date that notice of the result of any appeal is provided to the parties, if an appeal is filed,
  o or if an appeal is not filed, the date on which an appeal would no longer be considered timely.

**Remedies:**
Remedies offered after the conclusion of the grievance process on a finding of responsibility must be designed to restore or preserve equal access to the educational programs or activities. Such remedies may include the same individualized services described as supportive measures; however, remedies need not be non-disciplinary or non-punitive, and need not avoid burdening the respondent.

**Sanctions:**
A sanction is a consequence placed upon a Respondent for a violation(s) of BSC policies. Sanctions help define the individual’s relationship with BSC in the context of current and potential future behavior, including a notice that further violations may lead to more severe behavioral sanctions.

**Factors Considered in Determining Sanctions:**
Although not binding or definitive, the following factors may be considered in determining what sanctions are appropriate in a particular case:
1. The nature and severity of the violation(s);
2. Prior violations and disciplinary history;
3. The Respondent’s motive or purpose for engaging in the behavior;
4. Sanctions which have been imposed in similar cases in the past;
5. The developmental and educational impact on the Complainant and Respondent;
6. The level of accountability taken and cooperation by the Respondent;
7. The level of risk and/or harm of the Respondent to the Complainant and the campus community;
8. Any other aggravating, mitigating, or relevant factors surrounding the violation.

Individuals who are found in violation of BSC’s policy may be subject to one or more of the sanctions below.

**Student Sanctions:**

- **Discretionary Sanctions** – Work assignments, service to the College, educational projects, alcohol and drug testing and/or screening, participation in a specific program.
- **Expulsion from the College** – A written notification that the student is permanently denied the privilege of enrollment at the College. This is a matter of permanent record. Students expelled from BSC through this process will be administratively withdrawn from all classes and will be subject to SBHE Policy 830.2 and NDUS Procedure 830.0 Refunds.
- **Eviction** – The formal removal of a student from College housing.
- **Fine** – The imposition of a monetary penalty.
- **Loss of Privileges** – Denial of specified privileges for a designated period of time. Loss of privileges may include but are not limited to participating in or attending an event, receiving guests in residence halls, using network services, representing the College, and receiving financial aid.
- **Probation** – A written notification for violation of College policy. Probation indicates that continued enrollment is conditional upon review and observation in which the student demonstrates the ability to comply with College policies and any terms or conditions that have been imposed during a specified period. It is a matter of temporary record.
- **Restitution** – Compensation for loss, damage, or injury. This may take the form of appropriate service and/or monetary or material replacement.
- **Revocation of Admissions and/or Degree** – Admission to or a degree awarded from the College may be revoked for serious violations committed by a student prior to graduation.
- **Suspension for Conduct** – A written notification of denial of the privilege of enrollment in the College for a specific period. Conditions for re-enrollment may be specified. This is a matter of permanent record.
- **Suspension from Class** – The immediate revocation of the privilege of attending a class, using a laboratory, or participating in a shop.
- **Warning** – A verbal or written notice to the student that the student is violating or has violated College regulations.
- **Withholding Transcript (Grades) or Degree** – Refusal by the College to provide transcripts or the degree to the student, to other institutions, to employers, and to other agencies until the completion of the process set forth in student conduct, including the completion of all sanctions imposed, if any.

**Employee Sanctions:**

- Warning (written or verbal)
- Performance Improvement Plan
• Required Counseling
• Required Training or Education
• Demotion
• Reduction in Pay
• Loss of intended pay increase
• Suspension with pay
• Suspension without pay
• Termination

**Appeal Process:**
Regardless of the outcome, one appeal of the outcome may be made by either the complainant or the respondent. Appeals must be submitted in writing to the Title IX Coordinator within ten (10) calendar days of the Hearing Panel’s Notice of Responsibility. However, in any case involving a student suspension and expulsion, an appeal from either party can be made in writing within one (1) year following the date of the sanction and/or decision.

The written appeal must contain the reason for the appeal. Appeals must meet one of the following criteria:

- i. BSC’s failure to follow its own process and procedures that affected the outcome of the grievance process;
- ii. New evidence that was not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made that could have affected the outcome of the matter; or
- iii. The Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator, investigator(s), or decision-maker(s) had a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally or for or against the individual complainant or respondent, that affected the outcome of the grievance process.
- iv. The severity of the sanction was not consistent with the severity of the offense.

BSC will notify the non-appealing party in writing when an appeal is filed and equally implement appeal procedures for both parties.

BSC will assign a Title IX Appeal Officer to review and decide a Title IX appeal. BSC will ensure that the Appeal Officer was not on the Title IX Hearing Panel that reached the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal, the investigator, or the Title IX Coordinator, or Deputy Coordinator. BSC will give both parties a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit a written statement in support of, or challenging, the outcome.

The Appeal Officer will issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result; and provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties.

A complainant may appeal on the ground that the remedies are not designed to restore or preserve the complainant’s access to BSC’s education program or activity.

**Resolving Prior Reports/Complaints:**
This policy and the corresponding procedures apply to reports and complaints of behavior that occurred on August 14, 2020 or after. For incidents that occurred prior to August 14, 2020, BSC will utilize the policy that was in place at the time the harassment was reported to have occurred. If the report or complaint meets the jurisdictional requirements under Title IX as found in this policy, then it will be resolved using these
procedures. If the report or complaint does not meet the jurisdictional requirements found for the complaint to proceed under Title IX, it will be remanded to the appropriate office and will be addressed using other College procedures as appropriate.

**Policy Conflicts:**
Any conflicts between this Policy and any existing BSC policy or procedure, student or employee handbook shall be resolved in favor of this Policy.

**Shared Services and Cooperation between Institutions:**
BSC may work collaboratively with other NDUS institutions, the NDUS System Office, and other resources and seek uniformity in processes and procedures to the greatest extent possible. BSC may enter into agreements with other NDUS institutions or the NDUS System Office to arrange for the availability of trained investigators, advisors, hearing panelists, appeal officers, and individuals to facilitate a grievance process. Such agreements must include arrangements to share the costs of utilizing shared personnel, potential issues posed by FERPA and the confidentiality requirements of this Policy.

**Prevention:**
BSC fosters a safe living, learning, and working environment for all members of the campus community. BSC develops programming that addresses all aspects regarding sexual harassment for the purpose of prevention and awareness. Various departments including, but not limited to, BSC Campus Police, BSC Student & Residence Life, The Mystic Advising & Counseling Center provide input and resources for such programming. For additional information about campus programming concerning sexual harassment, contact BSC’s Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator.

First year students are required to participate in a Title IX and Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) education program that combines sexual harassment and substance abuse prevention in a comprehensive online training program. This training program provides students with a comprehensive foundation in four areas: alcohol awareness, drug awareness, sexual harassment awareness, and intimate partner violence. BSC Campus Police and BSC Student & Residence Life regularly monitor the campus grounds and facilities for the purpose of sexual harassment and crime prevention. Campus grounds and facilities are modified when considered to be a possible threat. A representative from BSC Administration, BSC Campus Police, BSC Student & Residence Life and the BSC Student Government Association (SGA) tour campus on an annual basis to determine any safety concerns. They assess campus signs, lighting, grounds, and locking procedures. For further safety information, contact BSC’s Campus Police Department bsc.safety@bismarckstate.edu.

Additionally, BSC publishes and disseminates annual crime statistics including incidents of sexual harassment as required by the Clery Act. The annual Clery Act Report is available online at: https://bismarckstate.edu/students/resources/HealthandSafety/CampusSafety/CampusSecurity/

**Intervention:**
BSC actively supports individuals who experience sexual harassment through a coordinated response system that attends to their physical and emotional well-being. BSC disciplinary efforts respect the personal rights of all parties. All reports/notices of sexual harassment are handled in a manner designed to respect the privacy of the involved individuals, to the extent permitted by law. Specific report details may be shared with appropriate departments and agencies to address environmental safety concerns and investigative needs.

**Recordkeeping:**
BSC will create and maintain for seven years, records of any actions, including records of supportive measures, taken in response to a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment.

1. Each sexual harassment investigation, including any determination regarding responsibility; any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript; any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent, and any remedies provided to the complainant.
2. Any appeal and the result;
3. Any informal resolution and the result;
4. All materials used to train Title IX coordinators, investigators, decision-makers, and any person who facilitates an informal resolution process, which the institution must make available on its website.

BSC will maintain records involving expulsion indefinitely. In each instance, the institution must document the basis for its response was not deliberately indifferent, and document that it took supportive measures, or, if supportive measures were not provided, an explanation of why such a response was not clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances.

BSC Title IX Training Procedure:

Employees:
At BSC, all employees are required to take annual Title IX compliance training. Employees who do not complete mandatory training face disciplinary action up to and including termination. Employees with questions regarding training options should contact BSC Human Resources.

Students:
All BSC students receive BSC’s Title IX and Sexual Misconduct Policies as well as additional resource information via their BSC email on the 10th day of every semester. All degree-seeking freshmen and degree-seeking transfer students are provided a Title IX and VAWA education program in their first semester at BSC. Students who do not complete training within 60 days will be provided comprehensive Title IX resources via their BSC email. Students with questions regarding training options should contact BSC’s Mystic Advising & Counseling Center.

Title IX Team:
1. All persons involved in the grievance process, including, but not necessarily limited to, Title IX Coordinators, Investigators, Hearing Panelists, Appeal Officers, must receive training on the following areas:
   a. The definition of sexual harassment;
   b. The scope of the education program or activity;
   c. How to conduct an investigation and grievance process, including hearings, appeals, and informal resolution processes, as applicable;
   d. How to serve impartially, including by avoiding prejudgment of the facts at issue; conflicts of interest, and bias.
2. Additionally, Hearing Panelists and Appeal Officers must receive training on the following areas:
   a. Any technology to be used at a live hearing;
   b. Issues of relevance of questions and evidence, including when questions about the complainant’s sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior are not relevant;
3. Investigators must also be trained on issues of relevance to create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence.
4. All training materials must not rely on sex stereotypes and must promote impartial investigations and adjudications of formal complaints.
5. All training materials must be made available to the public by posting on BSC’s website.

Retaliation:

1. BSC or any other person shall not intimidate, threaten, coerce, or discriminate against any individual for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by title IX or this policy, or because the individual has made a report or complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing under this part.

2. Intimidation, threats, coercion, or discrimination, including charges against an individual for code of conduct violations that do not involve sex discrimination or sexual harassment, but arise out of the same facts or circumstances as a report or complaint of sex discrimination, or a report or formal complaint of sexual harassment, for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX or this part, constitutes retaliation.

3. The exercise of rights protected under the First Amendment does not constitute retaliation.

4. Charging an individual with a code of conduct violation for making a materially false statement in bad faith in the course of a grievance proceeding does not constitute retaliation, although a determination regarding responsibility alone is not sufficient to conclude that any party made a materially false statement in bad faith.

5. Complaints alleging retaliation may be filed pursuant to the grievance procedures for sex discrimination under Title IX.

Resources:

BSC will provide written notification to students and employees about existing resources available for victims within the institution/community regarding, but not limited to:

- counseling,
- health,
- mental health,
- victim advocacy,
- legal assistance,
- visa & immigration assistance,
- student financial aid,
- and other services available for victims

The following resources are available to assist individuals involved with the Title IX grievance process.

**BSC Resources**

BSC Mystic Advising and Counseling Center (MACC)
701-224-5752
Students Only
Personal Counselor
Student Union, Lower Level (1425 Schafer Street)
bsc.counseling@bismarckstate.edu

BSC Campus Police
701-224-2700
Community Resources

CHI St. Alexius Health Employee Assistance Program (EAP)
Employees Only
1310 East Main Avenue Bismarck, ND 58501
701-530-7195 or 1-800-327-7195
https://www.chistalexiushealth.org/bismarck/facilities/employee-assistance-program

CHI St. Alexius Medical Center
st.alexius.org
900 E. Broadway, Bismarck
Emergency Room..........................................................530-7001
Archway Mental Health.............................................530-7333
Information..........................................................530-7000

Sanford Health
bismarck.sanfordhealth.org
300 N. 7th Street, Bismarck
Emergency Room..........................................................323-6150
Sanford Behavioral Health..........................................323-6543
Information..........................................................323-6000
Walk in Clinic Appointments (North)....................323-8300
Walk in Clinic Appointments (Downtown) ........323-5740

West Central Human Services
nd.gov/dhs/locations/regionalthsc/westcentral/
1237 W Divide Ave #5, Bismarck
Information ..........................................................328-8888
Crisis Line.................................328-8899
Toll-free..........................................................1-888-328-2112

EMERGENCY..........................................................911

Bismarck Police Department
bismarcknd.gov/
700 South 9th Street, Bismarck
Phone ..........................................................223-1212
Abused Adult Resource Center (Abuse, Neglect & Rape)
*If a medical emergency or a crime is in progress call 911*
abusedadultresourcecenter.com/
218 W. Broadway Ave., Bismarck
Phone .................................................................................................................... 222-8370
Toll-free (after hours) ............................................................................1-866-341-7009

For More Information on Sexual Harassment and Title IX:
www.bismarckstate.edu/titleix

Or contact:
Kaylyn Bondy
Vice President for Student Affairs/Title IX Coordinator
National Energy Center of Excellence, Room 331C
Bismarck, ND 58501
Phone: 701-224-5638
Email: kaylyn.bondy@bismarckstate.edu

Nicole Mikkelsen
Chief Human Resources Officer/Deputy Title IX Coordinator
Meadowlark Building
PO Box 5587 | 1700 Schafer St.
Bismarck, ND 58506-5587
Phone: 701-224-5531 | 800-366-6888 (TTY Relay ND)
Email: nicole.mikkelsen@bismarckstate.edu

This policy manual seeks to combine and implement the legal, regulatory, and policy requirements regarding sexual harassment and discrimination contained within:

- Titles IV and VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964
- Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972
- The Violence Against Women Act of 2013
- NDCC 15-10-56. Disciplinary Proceedings: Right to Counsel for Students & Organizations-Appeals
- NDCC 34-06.1-03. Prohibition of Discrimination
- NDCC 54-06-38. Harassment Policies
- ND SBHE Policies 514. Due Process Requirements (for students)
- ND SBHE 603.1. Harassment (for employees)
- ND SBHE 603.2. Equal Employment Opportunity
- ND SBHE 605.3. Nonrenewal, Termination or Dismissal of Faculty
- ND SBHE 605.4. Hearing and Appeals
Equal Opportunity and Non-Discrimination Statement

Bismarck State College is an equal opportunity institution that does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, sex, gender, gender identity, national origin, age, religion, sexual orientation, information protected by the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act (GINA), marital status, disability, veteran's status or any other status protected by law in its admissions, student aid, employment practices, education programs or other related activities.

Inquiries regarding student non-discrimination policies and 504/ADA policies at BSC should be directed to:

Vice President for Student Affairs
1200 Schafer Street
Bismarck, ND 58501
Phone: 701-224-5638
kaylyn.bondy@bismarckstate.edu

For Title IX inquiries, contact:
Dr. Kaylyn Bondy, Vice President for Student Affairs/Title IX Coordinator
National Energy Center of Excellence, Room #331C
1200 Schafer Street
Bismarck, ND 58501
Phone: 701-224-5638
kaylyn.bondy@bismarckstate.edu

Office for Civil Rights
Chicago Office (Local OCR office for North Dakota)
U.S. Department of Education
John C. Kluczynski Federal Building
230 S. Dearborn Street, 37th Floor
Chicago, IL 60604
Telephone: 312-730-1560
FAX: 312-730-1576; TDD: 800-877-8339
Email: OCR.Chicago@ed.gov
Website: http://www.ed.gov/ocr/

Inquiries regarding employee non-discrimination policies and 504/ADA policies at BSC should be directed to:
Chief Human Resources Officer
Meadowlark Building
1700 Schafer Street
Bismarck, ND 58501
Phone: 701-224-5427
nicole.mikkelsen@bismarckstate.edu
References:
North Dakota State Board of Higher Education Policy: 520 Title IX – Sexual Harassment
North Dakota State Board of Higher Education Policy: 503.1 - Student Free Speech and Expression

History of This Policy:
First policy May 19, 1995.
Revisions - May 31, 1996; June 7, 1996; May 27, 1998; November 9, 2001; April 21, 2008; August 23, 2010;
reviewed by the Operations Council on February 23, 2011 and approved by the Executive Council on March 8, 2011; September 19, 2012; the Sexual Assault student policy was incorporated into this policy – reviewed by the Operations Council on September 10, 2014 and approved by the Executive Council on September 16, 2014; reviewed by the Operations Council on August 12, 2015 and approved by the Executive Council on August 13, 2015; September 18, 2015; December 21, 2015; June 30, 2016; December 8, 2016; August 3, 2017; reviewed by the Operations Council on September 27, 2017 and approved by the Executive Council on September 28, 2017, July 16, 2018; August 7, 2018; reviewed by the Operations Council on July 24, 2019 and approved by the Executive Council on July 26, 2019; reviewed by the Operations Council on August 12, 2020 and approved by the Executive Council on August 12, 2020; reviewed by the Campus Council on November 25, 2020 and approved by the Executive Council on December 3, 2020; reviewed by the Campus Council on July 28, 2021 and approved by the Executive Council on July 29, 2021; reviewed by the Campus Council on December 8, 2021 and approved by the Executive Council on December 17, 2021; reviewed by the Campus Council on April 27, 2022 and approved by the Executive Council on April 29, 2022.